

Exercises 1 & 2

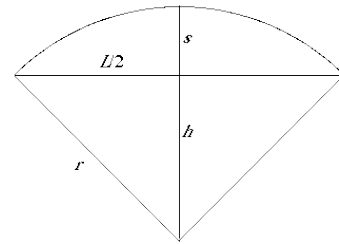


1. Show that a particle of charge $q=ze$ and velocity v subject to a uniform magnetic field B has a momentum

$$p[\text{GeV}] = 0.3zr[m]B[\text{T}] \quad \text{If } \vec{v} \text{ perpendicular to } \vec{B}$$

Show that the resolution in the momentum is

$$\left. \begin{aligned} \frac{\delta p}{p} &= \frac{\delta s}{s} \\ p_0 &= \frac{L^2 q B}{8 \delta s} \end{aligned} \right\} \frac{\delta p}{p} = \frac{p}{p_0}$$



2. Calculate the center of mass energy of the collision of two protons travelling in opposite directions at an Energy of 7 TeV



See appendix of the talk for some hints

Exercise 3



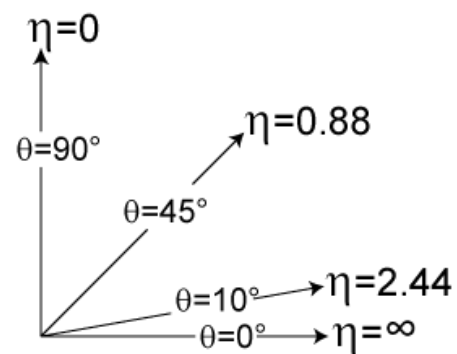
1. Show that pseudorapidity can be written in terms of the momentum as

$$\eta = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{|\vec{p}| + p_L}{|\vec{p}| - p_L} \right) \quad \vec{p}_L \quad \text{Particle momentum along the beam axis}$$

- Note: Pseudorapidity is defined as

$$\eta = -\ln \left[\tan \left(\frac{\theta}{2} \right) \right]$$

- Where θ is the angle between the particle momentum \vec{p} and the beam axis



1. Show also that in the relativistic limit $v \rightarrow c$ (speed of the particle is close to speed of light)

$$\eta = \frac{1}{2} \ln \left(\frac{E + p_L}{E - p_L} \right)$$