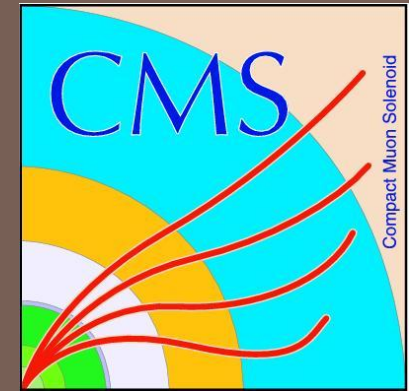




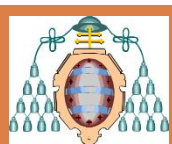
International Conference on Computing
in High Energy and Nuclear Physics 2010 (CHEP 2010)



USING WIDGETS TO MONITOR THE LHC EXPERIMENTS



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Taipei (Taiwan) – October 2010

Disclaimer...

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- During this presentations several popular **commercial companies** and services will be mentioned. We are not affiliated by any means with any of them.



...and some remarks

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- We developed our experience with widgets in the context of the computing tasks at the CMS collaboration
 - ▣ ...but we believe this work can be extrapolated to many other environments
- While we have made an effort to show examples for every widget platform supported, we have no easy access to some of them and therefore you might not see how our work looks like there
 - ▣ Just try and let us know!
- This presentation will be mostly devoted to why widgets are a good idea to monitor stuff, how they can be built and some examples
 - ▣ For a comprehensive list of widgets developed in the CMS environment, please refer to the documentation



Monitoring the world...

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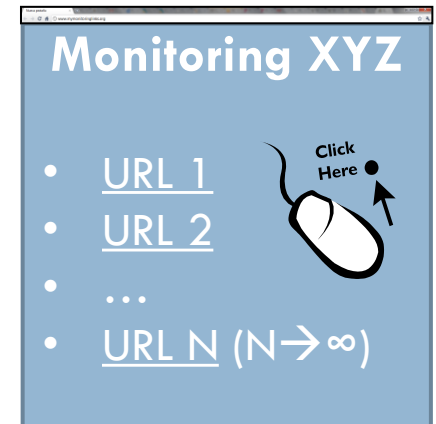
- The **data useful** for monitoring is usually **scattered** over several **databases, web pages** (central or local) and **systems**
 - ▣ A myriad of more or less complex web pages provide access to (usually) project related plots and numbers
- **Users, experiment supervisors, service operators** and **system administrators** are interested in **different types of information**
 - ▣ Different operators need to **monitor different data** from, sometimes, the same sources
 - ▣ **Responsibilities are split in different ways** at different places or may change over time
- People looking after something (site, service,...) know better the **strong** and **weak points**
 - ▣ They would like to **focus** their monitoring efforts on those aspects that are **unstable** or more **prone to failure**



Monitoring solution 0 (or even -1)

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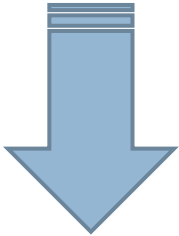
- **Scanning** recursively through a set of web pages
 - Not very practical
 - Click! Click! Click!...
 - ... even if you keep all the links together in another web page
 - ... even if you manage to have all the links up to date
 - ...



Monitoring solution 1: Customized web

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- Fortunately most systems can be thought also as **web services** providing monitoring data through a more or less simple **API**



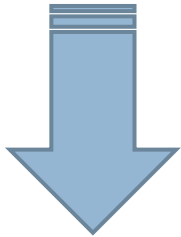
- **Personal/Institutional monitoring web pages** aggregating these data can be built easily based on that
 - Each individual needs to build its own HTML file
 - API changes (they happen!) means all individuals have to change their HTML files
 - Each «user» needs to master HTML (and possibly Javascript)



Monitoring solution 2: Widgets

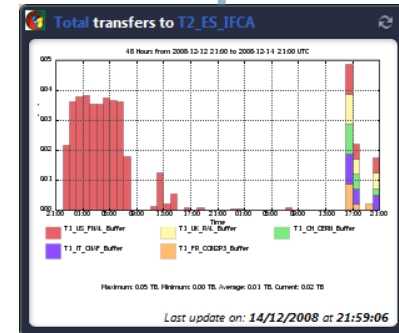
7

- Fortunately most systems can be thought also as **web services** providing monitoring data through a more or less simple **API**



Web widget (Wikipedia): *It's a small application that can be installed and executed within a web page by an end user... Other terms used to describe web widgets include: gadget, badge, module, webjit, capsule, snippet, mini and flake.*

- Provide a set of more or less **general customizable widgets** that can be **aggregated** to form **private or public monitoring web pages**
 - Widgets are single, although not necessarily simple, units of information (monitoring data, for example) ...
 - ... that can also be built on top of those web services...
 - ... that users can select and aggregate to (at least one of) the platforms in the market: Netvibes, iGoogle, Apple DB, etc...
 - ... knowing that if some API or service is modified, the fixes propagates automatically to them



Universal Widget API (UWA)

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- It is a widget Application Programming Interface developed by well known web portal [Netvibes](#)
- Widgets developed using UWA are compatible with the main widget platforms



- ▣ It may also be easily added to any web page (i.e. blogs)
 - ▣ Users may use the platform they like most or feel more comfortable with
- Supports modern web technologies ([AJAX](#))
 - ▣ A typical widget is only a bit of (X)HTML and JavaScript
- The API and part of the server technologies behind are released as [Open Source](#) through:

<http://www.netvibes.org>

Pros and Cons of UWA

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Pros

- **Single development valid on many platforms**
 - No specific widget platform is imposed on the users/admins/operators
- **Open Source**
 - Customization possible at many different levels
 - Including forking the project
- **Great set of web tools:**
 - Ecosystem: to expose widgets
 - Localization supported
 - Developers documentation and fora
- **Many complementary utility widgets available:**
 - (Multi) RSS feeds, automatic parser, the usual clocks, calendars, ...

Cons

- **Answers to technical questions and support a bit slow**
- **No current way to provide a simple URL where a widget with a given set of values for the options can be downloaded or installed**
 - May be done by installing and hacking a server
- **Still no support for modular programming**
 - Each widget file (html) must have all the code it uses
 - No “includes” are allowed
 - Support for this very important use case in the long term requested
- **Authentication** through certificates might be not supported
 - Some web services require it!



UWA widget basic structure

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- A UWA widget is an **XHTML** file with
 - Some HTML
 - Some CSS
 - Some JavaScript
 - A few XML fields used for the preferences
- There are three main blocks in a UWA widget
 - A set of standard XHTML Headers
 - The core of the widget where the behavior is defined
 - The HTML skeleton of the widget

XHTML Headers

`<head />`

`<body />`

http://dev.netvibes.com/doc/uwa/documentation/anatomy_of_a_uwa_widget

UWA widget base structure - Headers

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XHTML Headers

<head />

<body />

```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="utf-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE html PUBLIC "-//W3C//DTD XHTML 1.0
Strict//EN" "http://www.w3.org/TR/xhtml1/DTD/xhtml1-
strict.dtd">
<html xmlns="http://www.w3.org/1999/xhtml"
xmlns:widget="http://www.netvibes.com/ns/">
```

- Standar headers
 - ▣ The widgets should use the utf-8 encoding

UWA widget base structure - <head/>

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XHTML Headers

<head />

<body />

Meta
Information

Preferences

Styles

Behaviour
(JavaScript)

UWA widget base structure - `<head/>`

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XHTML Headers

`<head />`

`<body />`

Meta
Information

Preferences

Styles

Behaviour
(JavaScript)

```
<meta name="author" content="IGC"/>
<meta name="description"
  content="Hello world"/>
<meta name="website"
  content="http://example.com/bla"/>
<meta name="version" content="1.1"/>
<meta name="keywords"
  content="CHEP2010, widgets, example"/>
<meta name="thumbnail"
  content="http://example.com/bla.gif"/>
<meta name="apiVersion" content="1.0"/>
<meta name="debugMode" content="false"/>
```

- Small description of the widget
 - ▣ Author, thumbnail, keywords...

UWA widget base structure - `<head />`

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XHTML Headers

`<head />`

`<body />`

Meta
Information
Preferences

Styles

Behaviour
(JavaScript)

```
<widget:preferences>
  <preference name="thename" type="text"
label="Name" defaultValue="unknown"/>
  <preference name="service" type="list"
label="Service" defaultValue="CE">
    <option value="CE" label="CE"/>
    <option value="SRM" label="SRM"/>
  </preference>
  ...
</widget:preferences>
```

- Defines how the users interact with the widget
- Possible options include checkboxes, list boxes, text fields, passwords...

UWA widget base structure - `<head />`

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XHTML Headers

`<head />`

`<body />`

Meta
Information
Preferences

Styles

Behaviour
(JavaScript)

```
<style type="text/css">  
  a:hover, a:active, a:visited {  
    text-decoration: none;  
    border: none;  
  }  
</style>
```

□ CSS styling syntax

- ▣ Not mandatory: One can use the usual HTML code to style the widget elements
- ▣ ...but it is a good coding practice

UWA widget base structure - `<head/>`

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XHTML Headers

`<head />`

`<body />`

Meta
Information
Preferences

Styles

Behaviour
(JavaScript)

```
<script type="text/javascript">
  widget.onLoad = function() {
    var name = widget.getValue("thename");
    widget.setBody("Hello" + name);
  }
</script>
```

- Use JavaScript to:
 - ▣ Find out the preferences
 - ▣ Find the information from the web services in JSON, XML, HTML or plain text formats
 - ▣ Build the final information and present it to the users
 - ▣ May interact with the DOM in the `<body/>` part

UWA widget base structure - `<body />`

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XHTML Headers

`<head />`

`<body />`

```
<body>
  <p>This widget is an example for
    <a href="http://event.twgrid.org/chep2010/">
      CHEP 2010
    </a>
  </p>
  <p>Loading...</p>
</body>
```

- Defines the HTML skeleton for the widget
- The JavaScript can interact with the elements in this section

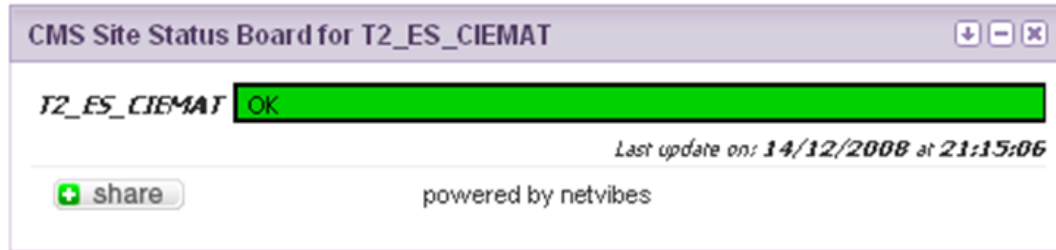
Improvements in the widgets

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- We have extended some of our widgets by adding extra functionality to them:
 - ▣ Versioning support
 - ▣ Debug information
 - ▣ Standard date format for the footer
- Still not used in all our widgets
 - ▣ We have to use cut & paste since there is no modular support in UWA yet
 - ▣ A kind pre-compiler may help adopting it



Example widgets: Site Monitoring



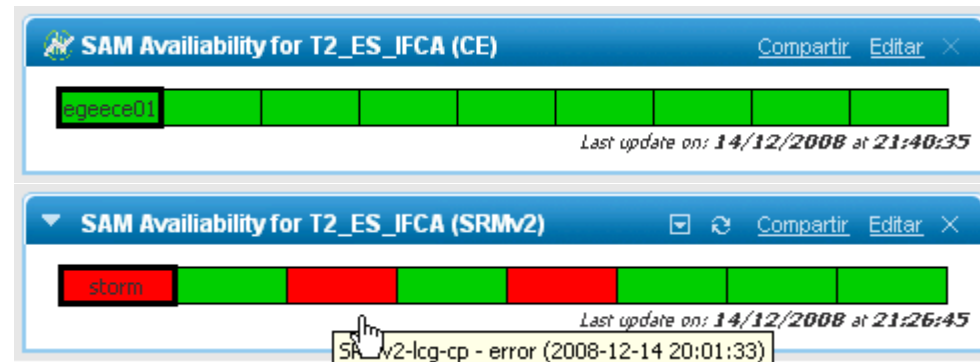
- Site Status Board -

- Shows the status of the Site according to the Site Status Board metrics defined in CMS

<http://eco.netvibes.com/widgets/296601/cms-site-status-board>

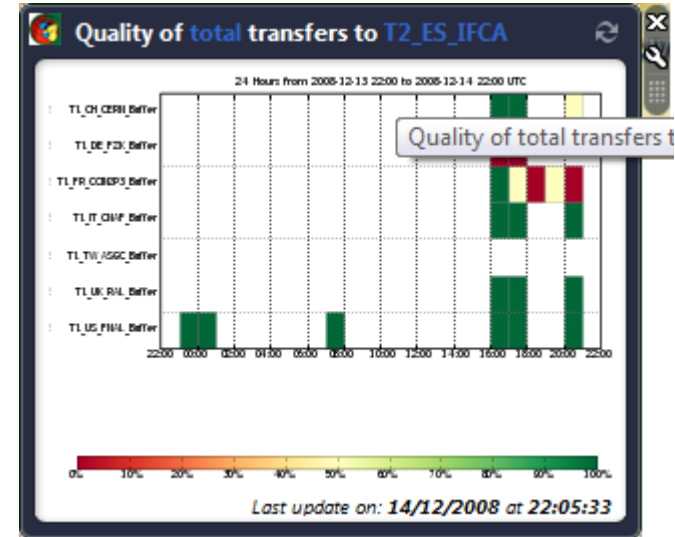
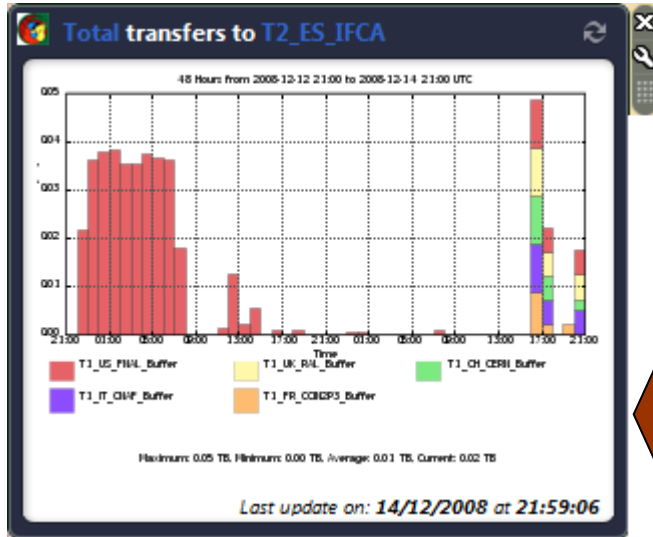
- SAM Tests -

- Available LCG and CREAM CE, SRM & SRMv2
- Information on particular tests and overall status
 - From the Dashboard



<http://eco.netvibes.com/widgets/233892/cms-site-availability-monitoring-sam>

Example widgets: Data Transfers



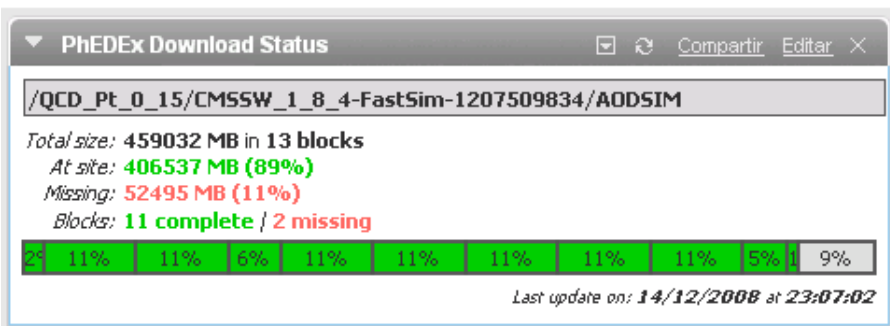
- Transfer Rate/Volume or Transfer Quality -

- Direction: Up/Down link
- Instance: Prod, Debug, Dev, All
- Period shown: Last day, week, month...

Transfers: <http://eco.netvibes.com/widgets/206202/phedex-transfer-monitoring>

Quality: <http://eco.netvibes.com/widgets/206702/phedex-transfer-quality-monitoring>

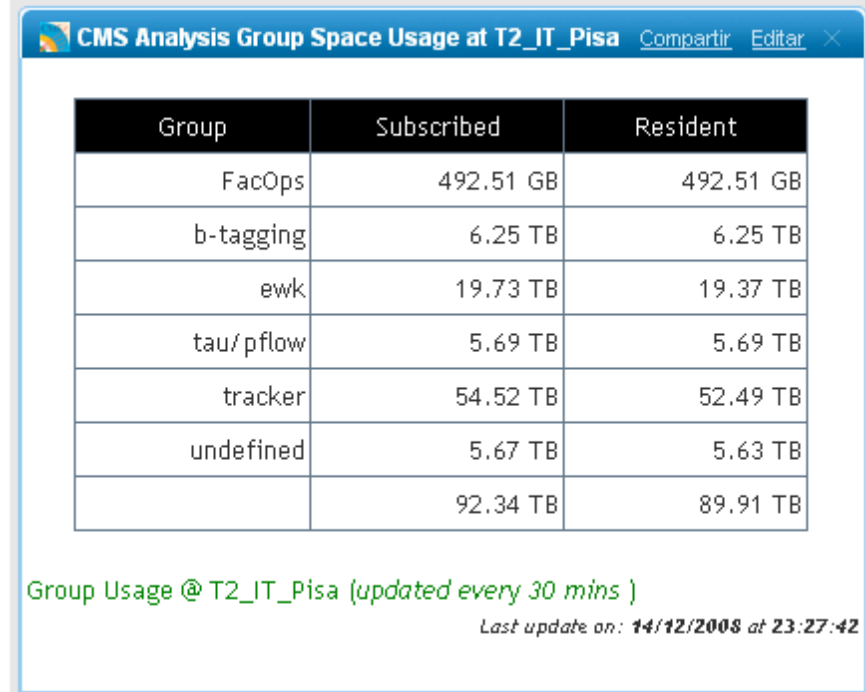
Example widgets: Data Management



- Dataset Download Status -

- Shows how much (block, files) of a given dataset are at a site
- Uses DBS/PhEDEx web services
- We are studying ways of providing a link to a customized widget each time a dataset is approved for transfer

<http://tinyurl.com/datasetdownloadstatus>

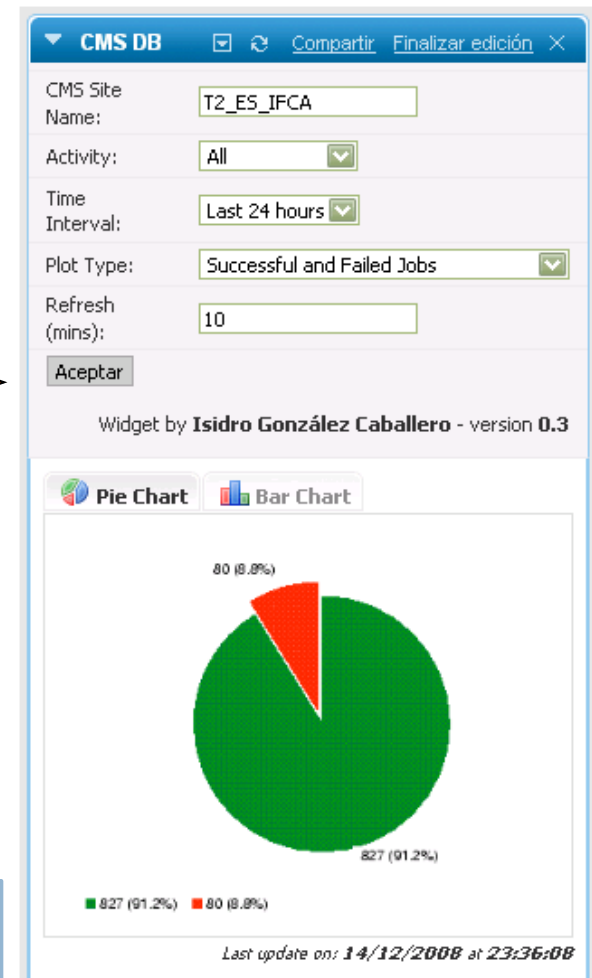
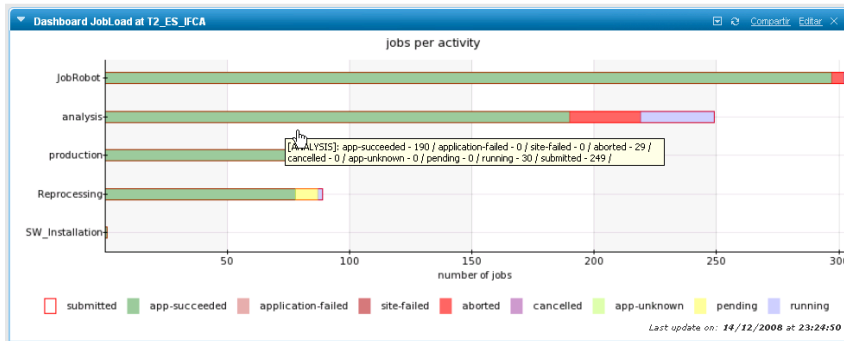


- Group Space Usage -

- Visualize the space each physics or detector group is using at a given site

<http://farmsmon.pi.infn.it/dcachemon/GroupUsage.html>

Example widgets: Job load



- Interactive View or Historic View -

- Show plot for any activity or for a specific one
- Sort by Dataset/Activity/User (interactive)
- 3 different plots based on error codes (historic)
- Pie/Bar Chart (historic)

Interactive: <http://tinyurl.com/interactivejobload>

Historic: <http://tinyurl.com/historicaljobload>

Example widgets: dCache monitoring

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dCache Pools and movers for T2_IT_Pisa

Space Usage (TB)

Total	Free	Used	Precious
185.38	82.58	102.80	102.46

Total Movers

Type	Active	Queued	Max
default	576	0	2320
p2p_client	0	0	515
p2p_server	0	0	209
wan	69	0	397

dCache Transfer Rate for T2_IT_Pisa

Pool	Jobs	Rate	AvgRate
cmsdcache13_1	3	928.0	309.3
cmsdcache13_10	5	823.0	164.6
cmsdcache13_11	1	140.0	140.0
cmsdcache13_12	6	1070.0	178.3
cmsdcache13_13	7	1570.0	224.3
cmsdcache13_14	1	186.0	186.0
cmsdcache13_15	8	2389.0	298.6
cmsdcache13_16	6	2190.0	365.0
cmsdcache13_17	7	1888.0	269.7
cmsdcache13_18	8	1944.0	243.0
cmsdcache13_19	2	276.0	138.0
cmsdcache13_20	11	1885.0	171.4
cmsdcache13_21	4	851.0	212.8
cmsdcache13_22	4	882.0	220.5
cmsdcache13_23	5	865.0	173.0

dCache GFTP Door information for T2_IT_Pisa

Domain	Created	Failed	Denied	Active	Max
GFTP-cmsdcache7	2847	0	0	13	100
GFTP-cmsdcache10	3662	0	0	21	100
GFTP-cmsdcache12	2752	0	0	11	100
GFTP-cmsdcache6	2969	0	0	18	100
GFTP-cmsdcache11	2917	0	0	14	100

dCache Space usage at T2_IT_Pisa

VO	Total	Free	Used	Precious
cms	184.31	82.00	102.31	102.00
ophys	93.96	45.27	48.69	48.56
biomed	5.77	2.04	3.74	3.73
virgo	5.77	2.04	3.74	3.73

- Built to monitor a local service (dCache) in a site
- May be used by:
 - ▣ Other dCache sites
 - ▣ To customize private monitoring pages
- Includes:
 - ▣ dCache pools
 - ▣ Internal transfer rates
 - ▣ Door information
 - ▣ Local space monitoring

Example widgets: Local batch system

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LSF Monitoring for T2_IT_Pisa [Share](#) [Edit](#) ×

CPU Slots

Max	Available	Running	Free
1314	1030	1022	8

Jobs @ T2_IT_Pisa (last 5 mins)
Last update on: 15/12/2008 at 12:51:35 PM

LSF Monitoring for T2_IT_Pisa [Share](#) [Edit](#) ×

VOs

VO/Group	Jobs	Running	Pending	Suspended
cdf	1	1	0	0
cms	2591	736	1855	0
ops	1	1	0	0
theophys	552	471	81	0

Jobs @ T2_IT_Pisa (last 5 mins)

LSF Monitoring for T2_IT_Pisa [Share](#) [Edit](#) ×

Computing Elements

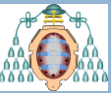
CE	Jobs	Running	Pending	Suspended
gridce	372	214	158	0
gridce1	1774	413	1361	0
gridce2	997	582	415	0
gridlsf	2	0	2	0

Jobs @ T2_IT_Pisa (last 5 mins)
Last update on: 15/12/2008 at 12:52:38 PM

LSF Monitoring for T2_IT_Pisa [Share](#) [Edit](#) ×

User DN

Group	Jobs	Running	Pending	Suspended	DN
theophys	400	400	0	0	/C=IT/O=INFN/OU=Personal Certificate/L=Fisica Pisa/CN=Guido Cossu
cms	1770	179	1591	0	/DC=ch/DC=cern/OU=Organic Units/OU=Users/CN=fiori/CN=664352/CN=Francesco Fiori
cms	200	143	57	0	/DC=ch/DC=cern/OU=Organic Units/OU=Users/CN=wardrope/CN=645210/CN=David Wardrope
cms	161	134	27	0	/C=IT/O=INFN/OU=Personal Certificate/L=Fisica Milano Bicocca/CN=Andrea Benaglia
cms	100	100	0	0	/DC=ch/DC=cern/OU=Organic Units/OU=Users/CN=jdamgov/CN=537562/CN=Jordan Damgov
cms	65	65	0	0	/C=IT/O=INFN/OU=Personal Certificate/L=Milano Bicocca/CN=Giuseppe Cerati
cms	36	34	2	0	/DC=org/DC=doegrids/OU=People/CN=Sean Simon 537713
cms	27	27	0	0	/C=CN/O=HEP/O=PKU/OU=PHYS/CN=Zhen HU
cms	21	21	0	0	/C=IT/O=INFN/OU=Personal Certificate/L=Trieste/CN=stefano belforte
babar	16	15	1	0	/C=IT/O=INFN/OU=Personal Certificate/L=CNAF/CN=Armando Fella

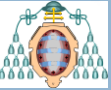


Examples: Agregated in web portals

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Using widgets to monitor de LHC experiments - CHEP 2010 - I. González Caballero



Conclusions

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- The widgets technology provides a **different way** of visualizing the same monitoring data
 - Enabling a great level of personal **customization**
 - Solving the problems coming from having a unique monitoring tool that suits everybody
- Widgets based on **UWA** can be used in a **great variety of platforms**
 - Including the main ones (by number of users) in the market
 - All of them with their advantages, tricks and nice fireworks
- **Developing** new widgets is rather **easy**
 - Only a bit of XHTML and JavaScript is required
 - Provided there are good web services accessible
 - Changes in the API or improvements are quickly propagated to the users
- The tools presented here are not to be seen as replacements to the current various dedicated and quite complete monitoring systems out there:
 - It should be better though as a orthogonal complement to them
- Widgets are being **efficiently used** to monitor the **CMS Computing services**



References

27

- CMS
 - Twiki for widgets:
<https://twiki.cern.ch/twiki/bin/viewauth/CMS/WidgetsMonitoring>
 - Widgets Code:
<http://cmssw.cvs.cern.ch/cgi-bin/cmssw.cgi/UserCode/IGonzalez/widgets/>
- Universal Widget API:
 - Documentation
<http://dev.netvibes.com>
 - Netvibes Ecosystem:
<http://eco.netvibes.com/>
- Portals:
 - Netvibes: <http://www.netvibes.com>
 - iGoogle: <http://www.google.com/ig>
- ...



This is the end...

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**THANK YOU VERY MUCH FOR YOUR
ATTENTION**

**Questions and comments are very
welcome**

